DECISION

Fair Work Act 2009
s.185—Enterprise agreement

Presbyterian Ladies' College
(AG2019/440)

PRESBYTERIAN LADIES' COLLEGE TEACHERS AGREEMENT 2019 - 2021
Educational services

DEPUTY PRESIDENT MASSON MELBOURNE, 12 APRIL 2019

Application for approval of the Presbyterian Ladies' College Teachers Agreement 2019 - 2021.

[1] An application has been made for approval of an enterprise agreement known as the Presbyterian Ladies’ College Teachers Agreement 2019 - 2021 (the Agreement). The application was made pursuant to s.185 of the Fair Work Act 2009 (the Act). It has been made by Presbyterian Ladies’ College. The Agreement is a single enterprise agreement.

[2] I am satisfied that each of the requirements of ss.186, 187 and 188 as are relevant to this application for approval have been met.

[3] The Independent Education Union of Australia being a bargaining representative for the Agreement, has given notice under s.183 of the Act that it wants the Agreement to cover it. In accordance with s.201(2) I note that the Agreement covers the organisation.
The Agreement is approved and, in accordance with s.54 of the Act, will operate from 19 April 2019. The nominal expiry date of the Agreement is 11 April 2022.

DEPUTY PRESIDENT

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<AE502914 PR706925>
# Presbyterian Ladies’ College (Teachers) Agreement 2019 - 2021

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Part 1—Application and Operation

1. Title

This Agreement is to be known as the Presbyterian Ladies’ College Teachers Agreement 2019 - 2021 (the Agreement) and is a Single Enterprise Agreement made pursuant to s. 172(2) of the Fair Work Act 2009 (Cth) (the Act).

2. Commencement and period of operation

2.1 Where the Agreement passes the Better Off Overall Test, the Agreement will come into operation seven days after being approved by the Fair Work Commission (FWC), in accordance with s.54 of the Act.

2.2 The nominal expiry date of the Agreement is three years from the date that the FWC approves the Agreement.

3. Definitions and interpretation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Act</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Act</td>
<td>means the Fair Work Act 2009 (Cth) or its successor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Award</td>
<td>means the Educational Services (Teachers) Award 2010 or its successor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Director</td>
<td>means the Employee appointed by the Employer to be responsible for the overall management and administration of the service in which an early childhood teacher is employed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>College</td>
<td>means Presbyterian Ladies’ College ABN 16 005 650 386</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Early Childhood Program</td>
<td>means the core curriculum provided to children under school age (three, four and five-year-old children)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Early Childhood Teacher</td>
<td>means a person who holds Full or Provisional Registration granted by the Victorian Institute of Teaching pursuant to Division 3A of Part 2.6 of Chapter 2 of the Education and Training Reform Act 2006 (Vic), including an Employee employed as a director or coordinator of an Early Childhood Program, who is employed to teach children enrolled in the Early Childhood Program</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employee</td>
<td>means a person employed as a Teacher (a School Teacher, and Instrumental Music Teacher or an Early Childhood Teacher) or a School Counsellor covered by this Agreement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Term</td>
<td>Definition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employer</td>
<td>means Presbyterian Ladies’ College ABN 16 005 650 386</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FWC</td>
<td>means the Fair Work Commission or its successor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Immediate Family</td>
<td>means</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• spouse (including a former spouse), a de facto partner (including a former de facto partner), child, parent, grandparent, grandchild or sibling of the Employee, or</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• a child, parent, grandparent, grandchild or sibling of a spouse or de facto partner of the Employee, where</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• a de facto partner of an Employee means a person who, although not legally married to the Employee, lives with the Employee in a relationship as a couple on a genuine domestic basis (whether the Employee and the person are of the same sex or different sexes); and</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• child means an adopted child, a step child or an ex-nuptial child of the Employee or of the Employee’s spouse or de facto partner</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrumental Music Teacher</td>
<td>means a person employed under this agreement to provide instruction to students learning musical instruments, as well as support the College’s music program</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LSL Act</td>
<td>means the <em>Long Service Leave Act 2018 (Vic)</em> or its successor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NES</td>
<td>means the National Employment Standards as contained in Part 2-2 of the <em>Fair Work Act 2009 (Cth)</em> or its successor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-term weeks</td>
<td>means weeks in the school year other than term weeks and include periods designated as school holidays for students. Non-term weeks will not be less than the periods of time designated as School Holidays in Victorian Government Schools</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Permission to Teach Teacher</td>
<td>means a person who is granted Permission to Teach by the Victorian Institute of Teaching pursuant to Division 3A of Part 2.6 of Chapter 2 of the <em>Education and Training Reform Act 2006 (Vic)</em> or its successor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principal</td>
<td>means the Principal of Presbyterian Ladies’ College or her nominee</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Registered Medical Practitioner</strong></td>
<td>means a person who is qualified to practice medicine in Australia and who is registered with the Medical Board of Australia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>School Teacher</strong></td>
<td>means a person who holds Full or Provisional Registration granted by the Victorian Institute of Teaching pursuant to Division 3 of Part 2.6 of Chapter 2 of the <em>Education and Training Reform Act 2006</em> (Vic) and is employed to teach. This definition includes a qualified Teacher Librarian but does not include a person employed as a Principal or a Deputy Principal, by whatever name called</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>School year</strong></td>
<td>means the period of 12 months commencing from the day the Employees are required to attend the school for the new educational year or the calendar year, as determined by the school, and includes term weeks and non-term weeks</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| **Senior Manager** | means a Teacher who is employed in the position of  
  • Director, Early Learning  
  • Director, Information & Communication Technology  
  • Director, Senior School Administration  
  • Director of Studies  
  • Director of Staff Development  
  • Director of Student Wellbeing  
  • Head of Junior School Operations  
  • Chaplain  
  • Director of Admissions  
  • Middle School Coordinator  
  or equivalent, should the title of the position change during the term of the Agreement |
| **Standard rate** | means the annual salary applicable to Level 1 for a Teacher. |
| **Teacher** | means a School Teacher, an Early Childhood Teacher, a Permission to Teach Teacher and an Instrumental Music Teacher, unless separately specified |
| **Term weeks** | means the weeks in the school year that students are required to attend school as set out in the school calendar of the College, including designated staff days that Employees are required to attend each term |
**Victorian Institute of Teaching** means the statutory authority for the registration of Teachers established pursuant to the *Education and Training Reform Act 2006* (Vic) or its successor

**WIRC Act** means the *Workplace Injury Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 2013* (Vic) or its successor

## 4. Coverage

### 4.1 This Agreement covers:

(a) the Employer;

(b) School Teachers and Instrumental Music Teachers;

(c) School Counsellors; and

(d) Early Childhood Teachers.

### 4.2 This Agreement does not cover:

(a) a Principal;

(b) a Deputy Principal by whatever name called;

(c) Instrumental Music Tutors (employed under the *Presbyterian Ladies’ College General Staff Agreement 2019* or its successor), LOTE conversation tutors, or any person engaged solely to instruct students on an individual basis;

(d) sport or other coaches;

(e) teacher/integration aides or assistants;

(f) assistants in the early learning centre; and

(g) a member of a recognised religious teaching order and/or Minister of Religion.

## 5. Relationship to Awards

This Agreement operates to the complete exclusion of any other industrial instrument, including the Award and protected preserved conditions, which would otherwise apply to Employees covered by this Agreement.

## 6. No extra claims

The Employer and Employees agree that the salary increase and other improvements in conditions of employment provided for by this Agreement are in settlement of all existing claims made by the Employer and the Employees, and that no further claims will be made during the currency of this Agreement.
7. **The National Employment Standards**

7.1 The National Employment Standards (NES) as contained in Part 2-2 of the Act are the minimum entitlements of an Employee covered by this Agreement. This Agreement may provide ancillary or supplementary terms in respect of the NES.

7.2 This Agreement provides enterprise specific detail where it deals with a matter provided for in the NES.

8. **Agreement flexibility**

8.1 An Employer and an Employee covered by this enterprise agreement may agree to make an individual flexibility Arrangement to vary the effect of terms of the agreement if:

(a) the Arrangement deals with one or more of the following matters:
   (i) arrangements about when work is performed; and
   (ii) allowances;

(b) the arrangement meets the genuine needs of the employer and Employee in relation to one or more of the matters mentioned in cnl.8.1(a); and

(c) the arrangement is genuinely agreed to by the Employer and the Employee. An Agreement under this clause can only be entered into after the individual Employee has commenced employment with the Employer.

8.2 The Employer must ensure that the terms of the individual flexibility arrangement:

(a) are about permitted matters under s.172 of the Act; and

(b) are not unlawful terms under s.194 of the Act; and

(c) result in the Employee being better off overall than the Employee would be if no arrangement was made.

8.3 The Employer must ensure that the individual flexibility arrangement:

(a) is in writing; and

(b) includes the name of the Employer and the Employee; and

(c) is signed by the Employer and the Employee and if the Employee is under 18 years of age, signed by a parent or guardian of the Employee; and

(d) includes details of:
   (i) the terms of the Agreement that will be varied by the arrangement; and
   (ii) how the arrangement will vary the effect of the terms; and
(iii) how the Employee will be better off overall in relation to the terms and conditions of his or her employment as a result of the arrangement; and

(e) states the day on which the arrangement commences.

8.4 The Employer must give the Employee a copy of the individual flexibility arrangement within 14 days after it is agreed to.

8.5 The Employer or the Employee may terminate the individual flexibility arrangement:

(a) by giving no more than 28 Days written notice to the other party to the arrangement; or

(b) if the Employer and the Employee agree in writing — at any time.

Note: If any of the requirements of s.144(4), which are reflected in the requirements of this clause are not met, then the arrangement may be terminated by either the Employer or the Employee, giving written notice of not more than 28 days (see s.145 of the Act).

8.6 If the Employer and the Employee meet to discuss an individual flexibility arrangement, then the Employee may be accompanied by a representative of the Employee’s choice.

Part 2—Consultation and Dispute Resolution

9. Consultation

9.1 This clause applies if:

(a) the Employer has made a definite decision to introduce a major change to production, program, organisation, structure, or technology in relation to its workplace that is likely to have a significant effect on Employees; or

(b) proposes to introduce a change to the regular roster or ordinary hours of work of Employees.

Consultation regarding major workplace change

9.2 For a major change referred to in cl.9.1(a):

(a) the Employer must notify the relevant Employees of the decision to introduce the major change; and

(b) cl.9.3 to 9.8 apply.

9.3 The relevant Employees may appoint a representative for the purposes of the procedures in this clause.

9.4 If:

(a) a relevant Employee appoints, or relevant Employees appoint, a representative for the purposes of consultation; and
(b) the Employee or Employees advise the Employer of the identity of the representative;

the Employer must recognise the representative.

9.5 As soon as practicable after making its decision, the Employer must:

(a) discuss with the relevant Employees:
   
   (i) the introduction of the change; and
   
   (ii) the effect the change is likely to have on the Employees; and
   
   (iii) measures the Employer is taking to avert or mitigate the adverse effect of the change on the Employees; and

(b) for the purposes of the discussion — provide, in writing, to the relevant Employees:

   (i) all relevant information about the change including the nature of the change proposed; and

   (ii) information about the expected effects of the change on the Employees; and

   (iii) any other matters likely to affect the Employees.

9.6 However, the Employer is not required to disclose confidential or commercially sensitive information to the relevant Employees.

9.7 The Employer must give prompt and genuine consideration to matters raised about the major change by the relevant Employees.

9.8 If a clause in this Agreement provides for a major change to production, program, organisation, structure or technology in relation to the enterprise of the Employer, the requirements set out in cll. 9.2(a), 9.3 and 9.5 are taken not to apply.

9.9 In this clause, a major change is **likely to have a significant effect on Employees** if it results in:

(a) the termination of the employment of Employees; or

(b) major change to the composition, operation or size of the Employer’s workforce or to the skills required of Employees; or

(c) the elimination or diminution of job opportunities (including opportunities for promotion or tenure); or

(d) the alteration of hours of work; or

(e) the need to retrain Employees; or

(f) the need to relocate Employees to another workplace; or

(g) the restructuring of jobs.
Consultation about changes to regular roster or hours of work

9.10 For a change referred to in cl.9.1(b):

(a) the Employer must notify the relevant Employees of the proposed change; and

(b) cl.9.11 to 9.15 apply.

9.11 The relevant Employees may appoint a representative for the purposes of the procedures in this clause.

9.12 If:

(a) a relevant Employee appoints, or relevant Employees appoint, a representative for the purposes of consultation, and

(b) the Employee or Employees advise the Employer of the identity of the representative,

the Employer must recognise the representative.

9.13 The Employer must:

(a) discuss with the relevant Employees the introduction of the change; and

(b) for the purposes of the discussion, provide to the relevant Employees:

(i) information about the proposed change (for example, information about the nature of the change to the Employee’s regular roster or ordinary hours of work and when that change is proposed to commence); and

(ii) information about what the Employer reasonably believes will be the effects of the change on the Employees; and

(iii) information about any other matters that the Employer reasonably believes are likely to affect the Employees; and

(c) invite the relevant Employees to give their views about the impact of the change (including any impact in relation to their family or caring responsibilities).

9.14 However, the Employer is not required to disclose confidential or commercially sensitive information to the relevant Employees.

9.15 The Employer must give genuine consideration to matters raised about the change by the relevant Employees.

9.16 For the purposes of cl.9.11 to 9.15, the Employer’s educational timetable in respect of academic classes and student activities, which:

(a) may operate on a term, semester, or a School year basis, and

(b) ordinarily changes between one period of operation and the next, and

(c) may change during the period of operation,
is not a regular roster.

9.17 However, where a change to the Employer’s educational timetable directly results in a change:

(a) to the number of ordinary hours of work of an Employee, or
(b) to the spread of hours over which the Employee’s ordinary hours are required to be worked, or
(c) to the days over which the Employee is required to work,

then cl.9.11 to cl.9.15 will apply.

In this clause: relevant Employees means the Employees who may be affected by a change referred to in cl.9.1.

10. Dispute resolution

10.1 If a dispute relates to:

(a) a matter arising under the Agreement, or
(b) the NES,

this clause sets out procedures to settle the dispute.

10.2 An Employee who is a party to the dispute may appoint a representative for the purposes of the procedures in this clause.

10.3 In the first instance, the parties to the dispute must try to resolve the dispute at the workplace level, by discussions between the Employee or Employees and relevant supervisors and/or management.

10.4 If discussions at the workplace level do not resolve the dispute, a party to the dispute may refer the matter to the FWC.

10.5 The FWC may deal with the dispute in two stages:

(a) the FWC will first attempt to resolve the dispute using one or more of the following methods: mediation, conciliation, expressing an opinion and making a recommendation; and

(b) if the FWC is unable to resolve the dispute at the first stage, the FWC may then:

(i) arbitrate the dispute; and

(ii) make a determination that is binding on the parties.

Note: If the FWC arbitrates the dispute, it may also use the powers that are available to it under the Act. A decision that the FWC makes when arbitrating a dispute is a decision for the purpose of Division 3 of Part 5.1 of the Act. Therefore, an appeal may be made against the decision.
10.6 In limiting the operation of cl.10.5, if the dispute is about any matter not related to the NES, both parties will need to consent prior to arbitration. Provided the steps in cl.10.3 and 10.5(a) have been applied, neither party will unreasonably withhold consent.

10.7 While the parties are trying to resolve the dispute using the procedures in this clause:

(a) an Employee must continue to perform his or her work as he or she would normally unless he or she has a reasonable concern about an imminent risk to his or her health or safety; and

(b) an Employee must comply with a direction given by the Employer to perform other available work at the same workplace, or at another workplace, unless:

(i) the work is not safe; or

(ii) the Occupational Health and Safety Act 2004 (Vic) would not permit the work to be performed; or

(iii) there are other reasonable grounds for the Employee to refuse to comply with the direction.

10.8 The parties to the dispute agree to be bound by a decision made by the FWC in accordance with this clause, save for appeal rights.

11. Consultative Committee

11.1 It is acknowledged that the overall purpose of consultation is to provide an environment for communication about matters that affect Employees and in doing so, establish a consultative mechanism to support communication. It shall not normally discuss individual matters or grievances except in confidence where it is agreed that these matters are representative of broader issues. It could consider, for example, teaching workload issues, professional development and facilities.

11.2 Definition of consultation

(a) For the purpose of consultation under this clause, the following definition is adopted:

(i) “Consultation is not perfunctory advice on what is about to happen. This is a common misconception. Consultation is providing the individual, or other relevant persons with a bona fide opportunity to influence the decision maker...Consultation is not joint decision-making or even a negative or frustrating barrier to the prerogative of management to make decisions. Consultation allows the decision-making process to be informed, particularly as it may affect the employment prospects of individuals” (Smith, C. in CPSU, the Community and Public Sector Union v Vodafone Network Pty Ltd (Print PR911257), paragraph 25).
(b) A Teachers Staff Consultative Committee shall, comprise:

(i) the Principal or the Principal’s nominee;
(ii) two additional nominees of the Principal;
(iii) the Chief of Staff
(iv) three (3) elected Teacher Representatives (one from each of Senior School, Junior School and the Early Learning Centre), elected by Teachers employed pursuant to this Agreement.

(c) The Teachers Staff Consultative Committee may make recommendations to the Principal in respect of the matters of relevance to Teachers.

(d) The Teachers Staff Consultative Committee acknowledges that the final decision making remains the prerogative of the Board, as exercised through the Principal of the College.

(e) The appointed and elected members of the Teachers Staff Consultative Committee shall establish in writing the:

(i) role and functions of the Teachers Staff Consultative Committee, including consulting on matters referred by the Staff Associations of the Senior and Junior School;
(ii) the processes associated with calling a meeting, which may be at the request of the Principal or not less than two elected members of the Teachers Staff Consultative Committee;
(iii) the number of meetings to be scheduled during a School year, but at most two meetings per term, unless the majority of members agree to additional meetings, if required;
(iv) administrative processes such as the development of agendas, notice of meetings, timing of meetings, preparation and circulation of meeting notes, confidentiality requirements, etc.,
(v) mechanisms for feedback to other Teachers.

(f) The Chief of Staff position in the Senior School will continue to play a key role in consultation and feedback directly with the school leadership. The Teachers Staff Consultative Committee will not replace any elements of that role.

Part 3—Types of Employment and Termination of Employment

12. Types of employment

12.1 Employees will be employed in one of the following categories:

(a) full-time employment;
(b) part-time employment;
(c) casual employment; or
(d) fixed term employment.

12.2 Terms of engagement

(a) On appointment, the Employer will provide the Employee (other than a casual Employee) with a letter of appointment stating the classification, and rate of pay applicable on commencement.

(b) In the case of a part-time Employee, the letter of appointment will include the Employee’s teaching load expressed as a percentage of a full-time load in the School and that their extracurricular commitment will generally be, on balance, in the same proportion to their teaching load as that of a full-time Employee.

(c) Where the Employer engages the Employee on a fixed term basis, the letter of appointment will inform the Employee of the reason the employment is fixed term, the date of commencement and the period of the employment.

12.3 Full-time employment

A full-time Employee is engaged to work an average of 38 ordinary hours per week.

12.4 Part-time employment

(a) A part-time Employee is engaged to work on a regular basis for an average of less than 38 ordinary hours per week.

(b) A part-time Employee is entitled to the benefits under this Agreement on a pro rata basis. The pro rata basis will be calculated by dividing the number of face-to-face teaching hours prescribed for the part-time Employee from time to time by the usual number of face-to-face teaching hours prescribed for a full-time Employee.

(c) A part-time Employee and the Employer may agree to vary the time fraction or days of attendance by mutual consent. The Employer will first discuss the proposed variation with the Employee with the aim of reaching an agreed time fraction and pattern of attendance that is mutually advantageous to the Employee and the College.

(d) Where the time fraction or days of attendance are contracted by a letter of appointment, the Employer will implement the relevant procedure under cl.9 - Consultation.

(e) Where the time fraction is allocated on a term, semester or annual basis, and a variation is required to the time fraction or days of attendance:

(i) due to a change in funding, enrolment, curriculum or timetable during the School year, the Employer will implement the procedure required under cl.9.1(b) of cl. 9 - Consultation. The Employer will provide ten weeks’ notice, which include term weeks and non-term
weeks, in writing of any change or where the change would result in a reduction in salary, the salary of the Employee is maintained for a period of ten consecutive weeks;

(ii) due to the educational timetable for the following School year, the Employer may vary the time fraction of a part-time Teacher for the next school year with seven weeks’ notice, which include term weeks and non-term weeks, or where the change would result in a reduction in salary, the salary of the Teacher is maintained for a period of ten consecutive weeks.

(f) If a part-time Teacher’s time fraction is reduced without the Teacher’s consent under:

(i) cl.12.4(d), the provisions of cl.16 - Redundancy apply;

(ii) cl.12.4(e) by more than 25 per cent over of a period of up to two consecutive years, the provisions of cl.16 - Redundancy apply. The redundancy pay will be based on the time fraction that applied prior to the commencement of the first change to the Teacher’s time fraction.

12.5 Casual employment

(a) Casual employment means employment on a day-to-day basis for a period of not more than four consecutive term weeks.

(b) A casual engagement may be extended by agreement between the Employer and the casual Employee provided the total period of the engagement does not exceed one school term.

(c) The rates of pay for a casual Employee are contained in Schedule A.5.

(d) A casual Employee is not entitled to any of the following benefits under this Agreement:

(i) notice of termination of employment;

(ii) redundancy;

(iii) remuneration packaging;

(iv) annual leave;

(v) leave loading;

(vi) public holidays;

(vii) paid personal/carer's leave;

(viii) paid compassionate leave;

(ix) paid parental leave;

(x) accident pay;

(xi) pro rata payment of salary inclusive of annual leave.
12.6 Fixed term employment

An Employee may be employed for a fixed period of time of up to 12 months to:

(a) undertake a specified project for which funding has been made available;

(b) undertake a specified task which has a limited period of operation; or

(c) replace an Employee who is on leave, performing other duties temporarily or whose employment has terminated after the commencement of the School year;

provided that where the specified project, specified task or replacement arrangement extends beyond 12 months, the fixed term employment arrangement may be extended.

13. Minimum employment period

13.1 An Employee’s employment is contingent upon the satisfactory completion of a minimum employment period of six months, as defined by the Act.

13.2 If the Employer is to terminate the employment of an Employee during the minimum employment period, then the Employer does not need to comply with any due process, performance or conduct management policies or procedures in this Agreement or in place from time to time.

13.3 If the Employer is to terminate the employment of an Employee within the Employee’s minimum employment period, then the Employee is entitled to seven term weeks’ notice or payment in lieu of notice.

13.4 If the Employee is to resign within the minimum employment period, then the Employee is required to give the same notice required of the Employer in cl.13.3.

14. Termination of employment

14.1 Notice of termination is provided for in the NES. This clause provides enterprise specific detail and supplements the NES.

14.2 Notice of termination by the Employer

The employment of an Employee (other than a casual Employee) will not be terminated without at least seven weeks’ notice wholly within the one school term (inclusive of the notice required under the NES), the payment of seven term weeks’ salary wholly within the one school term instead of notice or part notice and part payment instead of notice provided that the total weeks’ notice and weeks’ payment instead equal seven.

14.3 Notice of termination by an Employee

(a) The notice of termination required to be given by an Employee is the same as that required of an Employer.
If an Employee fails to give the notice specified in cl.14.2, then the Employer may withhold from any monies due to the Employee on termination under this Agreement or the NES, an amount not exceeding the amount the Employee would have been paid under this Agreement in respect of the period of notice required by this clause less any period of notice actually given by the Employee.

14.4 Job search entitlement

Where the Employer has given notice of termination to an Employee, an Employee must be allowed up to one day’s time off per fortnight of the notice period without loss of pay for the purpose of seeking other employment. The time off is to be taken at times that are convenient to the Employee after consultation with the Employer.

14.5 Statement of service

Upon the termination of employment of an Employee (other than a casual Employee) the Employer will provide upon the request of the Employee, a statement of service setting out the commencement and cessation dates of employment.

14.6 Termination of casual employment

Upon request, the Employer will give a casual Employee a statement setting out the number of days of duty worked by the Employee during the period of the engagement.

15. Performance and conduct management

15.1 Application

This clause will not apply within the minimum employment period (Cl 13) or to a casual Employee. This clause only applies where the Employer considers that the Employee’s performance or conduct may warrant the termination of the Employee’s employment.

15.2 Performance Management

(a) Where the Employer is considering termination of employment for reasons related to the Employee’s performance, the Employer will implement the procedure in this clause.

(b) A formal performance management procedure will observe procedural and substantive fairness, and will commence with the Employer advising the Employee in writing of:

(i) the Employer’s concerns with the Employee’s performance;

(ii) the time, date and place of the first formal meeting to discuss the Employee’s performance;

(iii) the Employee’s right to be accompanied by a nominee of the Employee’s choice at all meetings scheduled to discuss the Employee’s performance;
(iv) the Employer’s right to terminate the employment should the procedure not resolve the Employer’s concerns.

(c) Formal performance management meetings will:

(i) include discussion of the Employer’s concerns with the Employee’s performance;

(ii) give the Employee an opportunity to respond to the Employer’s concerns;

(iii) include discussion of any counselling or assistance, where appropriate, available to the Employee;

(iv) include documentation, where appropriate;

(v) set periods of review, as appropriate.

(d) If the Employer’s decision is to terminate the employment of the Employee, then the Employer will give the required period of notice or payment in lieu of notice.

15.3 Conduct Management

(a) Where the Employer is considering termination of employment for reasons related to an Employee’s conduct, the Employer will observe procedural and substantive fairness, and will implement the procedure in this clause.

(b) The Employer will advise the Employee in writing of:

(i) the Employer’s concern with the Employee’s conduct;

(ii) the time, date and place of the meeting to discuss the Employee’s conduct;

(iii) the Employee’s right to be accompanied by a nominee of the Employee’s choice at any meeting scheduled to discuss the Employee’s conduct;

(iv) the Employer’s right to terminate the Employee’s employment should the Employer’s concerns not be resolved.

(c) The formal conduct management meeting(s) will:

(i) include discussion of the Employer’s concern with the Employee’s conduct;

(ii) give the Employee an opportunity to respond to the Employer’s concerns.

(d) Concerns with an Employee’s conduct may be resolved by:

(i) summary dismissal, where the Employee is guilty of serious misconduct of a kind such that it would be unreasonable to require the Employer to continue the employment during the notice period;
(ii) issuing the Employee with a warning or a final warning in writing;

(iii) terminating the employment of the Employee in accordance with the relevant notice provision;

(iv) other action, appropriate to the situation.

16. Redundancy

16.1 Redundancy pay is provided for in the NES. This clause provides for ancillary benefits.

16.2 If the Employee is under 45 years of age when made redundant, redundancy pay will be in accordance with the following scale:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Period of Continuous Service</th>
<th>Redundancy Pay</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Less than 1 year</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 year and less than 2 years</td>
<td>4 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 years and less than 3 years</td>
<td>8 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 years and less than 4 years</td>
<td>10 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 years and less than 5 years</td>
<td>12 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 years and less than 6 years</td>
<td>14 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 years and less than 8 years</td>
<td>16 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 years and over</td>
<td>2 weeks’ pay for each year of service up to a maximum of 30 weeks</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

16.3 If the Employee is 45 years of age or over when made redundant, redundancy pay will be in accordance with the following scale:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Period of Continuous Service</th>
<th>Redundancy Pay</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Less than 1 year</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 year and less than 2 years</td>
<td>5 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 years and less than 3 years</td>
<td>10 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 years and less than 4 years</td>
<td>12.5 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 years and less than 5 years</td>
<td>15 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 years and less than 6 years</td>
<td>17.5 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 years and less than 8 years</td>
<td>20 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 years and over</td>
<td>2.5 weeks’ pay for each year of service up to a maximum of 37.5 weeks</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

16.4 Transfer to lower paid duties

Where an Employee is transferred to lower paid duties by reason of redundancy, the same period of notice must be given as the Employee would have been entitled to under this Agreement if the employment had been terminated and the Employer may, at the Employer’s option, make payment instead of an amount equal to the difference between the former ordinary time rate of pay and the ordinary time rate of pay for the number of weeks of notice still owing.
16.5 Employee leaving during notice period

An Employee given notice of termination in circumstances of redundancy may terminate their employment during the period of notice. The Employee is entitled to receive the benefits and payments they would have received under this clause had they remained in employment until the expiry of the notice, but is not entitled to payment instead of notice.

16.6 Job search entitlement

(a) An Employee given notice of termination in circumstances of redundancy must be allowed up to one day’s time off without loss of pay during each week of notice for the purpose of seeking other employment.

(b) If the Employee has been allowed paid leave for more than one day during the notice period for the purpose of seeking other employment, the Employee may be required to provide reasonable evidence of, at the request of the Employer, attendance at an interview or they will not be entitled to payment for the time absent. For this purpose, a statutory declaration is sufficient.

(c) This entitlement applies instead of cl.14.4.

16.7 Part-time Employees

If a part-time Employee’s hours are changed, without their consent, by more than 25% over a two-year period, they will be entitled to the provisions of this clause.

17. Breakage and loss

An Employee who takes reasonable care will not suffer loss of income for any accidental breakages or loss of property which occurs in the normal course of the Employee’s duties.

Part 4—Classifications, Salaries and Related Matters

18. Classifications

(a) Duties of Teacher

The duties of a Teacher may include in addition to teaching, activities associated with administration, review, development and delivery of educational programs and co-curricular activities.

18.2 Recognition of previous service

(a) On appointment, an Employee will be classified and placed on the appropriate level on the salary scale in Schedule A – Salaries according to qualifications and teaching experience.

(b) A part-time Employee employed at 50 per cent or more of a full-time teaching load will progress to the next level on the salary scale annually. A part-time Employee employed at less than 50 per cent of a full-time
teaching load will remain at the level on the salary scale for 24 months before progressing to the next level on the salary scale.

18.3 Evidence of qualifications

(a) The Employer may require that an Employee provide documentary evidence of qualifications and teaching experience. If the Employer considers that the Employee has not provided satisfactory evidence, and advises the Employee in writing to this effect, then the Employer may decline to recognise the relevant qualification or experience until such evidence is provided. Provided that the Employer will not unreasonably refuse to recognise the qualifications or teaching experience of an Employee.

(b) Where an Employee has completed further teaching experience with another Employer (for example during unpaid leave) or additional qualifications after commencement of employment they will be entitled to be classified accordingly and back paid from the date of completion of the experience or qualifications, provided the Employee provided satisfactory evidence to the Employer within three months of completion. In all other cases the Employee will be classified and paid from the date satisfactory evidence is provided.

18.4 Progression

An Employee who is four year trained will commence on Level 1 of the salary scale in Schedule A – Salaries and progress to Senior Grade 2 according to normal years of service.

19. Salaries

An Employee is entitled to be paid salary in accordance with clause 18 - Classifications and Schedule A – Salaries.

20. Allowances

20.1 Responsibility allowance

(a) Eligibility

(i) A responsibility allowance (as in cl.20.1(c) and 20.1(d)) will be paid to an Employee where the Employer requires the performance of administrative, pastoral care and/or educational responsibility duties additional to those usually required of Employees by the Employer.

(ii) An allowance is linked to a position of responsibility rather than tied to an individual Employee.

(iii) The Principal determines who holds a position of responsibility.
(b) Notification

(i) The Principal will provide written advice to an Employee in receipt of an allowance of the position, its tenure, the duties required, the allowance to be paid and the time allowance.

(ii) The Principal will advise the Employee of the level to which the position equates.

(c) Level of responsibility

(i) The level of additional responsibility can be categorised as either administrative, pastoral care or educational leadership, or a combination of these, as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level</th>
<th>Position</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td><strong>Senior Positions of Responsibility</strong> such as Section Heads e.g. Middle School Coordinators, Senior School Coordinators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td><strong>Positions of Leadership</strong> such as: Senior School – Chief of Staff; Head of Department (large) e.g. English, Maths, Science; Year Level Coordinators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td><strong>Positions of Leadership</strong> such as: Senior School – Head of Department (medium) Junior School – Senior Coordinators / Positions of Responsibility e.g. DID; Curriculum; Professional Learning; IT Early Learning Centre – Deputy Head</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td><strong>Positions of Leadership</strong> such as: Senior School – Deputy Head of Department; Head of Subject / Small Department; Other Specialised Areas of Responsibility Junior School – Department Coordinators / Heads; Subject Coordinators (large); Year Level Coordinators Early Learning Centre – Other Specialised Areas of Responsibility</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(ii) The assignment of a position to a particular level in this clause will reflect the graduation of responsibilities exercised, whether, administrative, pastoral care or educational leadership, with Level A being the most significant level of responsibility.

(iii) The responsibility allowance of an Employee appointed as a Senior Manager (or equivalent) by the Principal will be greater than the Level A allowance and will be determined by negotiation with the Principal.

(d) Amount

(i) The following range of allowances per annum apply from 1 February of each year:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level</th>
<th>2019</th>
<th>2020</th>
<th>2021</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A - minimum</td>
<td>$14,788</td>
<td>$15,232</td>
<td>$15,689</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B – from</td>
<td>$8,532</td>
<td>$8,788</td>
<td>$9,051</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B – to</td>
<td>$14,788</td>
<td>$15,232</td>
<td>$15,689</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C – from</td>
<td>$4,779</td>
<td>$4,922</td>
<td>$5,070</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C – to</td>
<td>$11,376</td>
<td>$11,717</td>
<td>$12,068</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>$4,778</td>
<td>$4,921</td>
<td>$5,069</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(ii) Where the position of responsibility is shared, the payments may also be shared.

(iii) An Employee who holds a position of responsibility will be paid not less than the amount indicated in cl.20.1(d)(i).

(iv) The allowances will be increased annually on 1 February at the same annual percentage increase applied to salaries, as set out in Schedule A.1 of the Agreement.

(v) The financial allowance ranges set out in cl.20.1(d)(i) will be adjusted annually by the annual percentage increase applied to salaries, as set out in Schedule A.1 of the Agreement.

(e) **Time Allowance**

The following indicative time allowance applies to each level for positions in the Senior School.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level</th>
<th>Range (per 10-day cycle)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>13 or more periods</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>8 – 14 periods</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>4 – 14 periods</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Up to 4 periods</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(f) **Advertising of financial and time allowances**

When a position of responsibility is created or becomes vacant, and the Principal advertises this position internally, then the advertisement will include details of the relevant time and financial allowances, expressed in terms of the Levels set out in cl.20.1(d) and 20.1(e) above.

20.2 **Vehicle allowance**

(a) An Employee required by the Employer to use the Employee’s motor vehicle in the performance of duties must be paid a vehicle allowance based on the rates published by the Australian Taxation Office.

(b) The Employer must pay all expenses including registration, running and maintenance where an Employer provides a motor vehicle which is used by an Employee in the performance of the Employee’s duties.
20.3 **Camp allowance**

Attending camps is an integral part of a Teacher’s role. A Teacher required to attend an overnight curriculum-based camp or an overnight curriculum-based excursion during term time, or a Duke of Edinburgh expedition, or a co-curricular camp (including Music and Sport camps) will be paid an allowance of $77.50 per night. This amount will be increased annually on 1 February at the same annual percentage increase applied to salaries, as set out in Schedule A.1 of the Agreement.

20.4 **Day off in lieu**

Where a camp is held over a weekend, an Employee will be entitled to one day off in lieu, to be taken on a working day immediately prior to, or immediately after, the camp. This can be varied by mutual agreement.

A day off in lieu will also be provided to staff with responsibilities for leading and participating in overseas tours. This is to be taken in the week prior to, or week immediately after, the overseas tour. This can be varied by mutual agreement.

21. **Accident pay**

21.1 Where an Employee is incapacitated for work by reason of a work-related injury or illness and becomes entitled to receive weekly payments under the *Workplace Injury Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 2013* (Vic) (WIRC Act), the Employer must pay to the Employee the difference between such weekly payments and the normal remuneration of the Employee for a period or periods in the aggregate of up to 39 weeks in respect of each such injury or illness but only for so much of that period as the Employee remains employed by the Employer.

21.2 If an Employee is absent from work because of a personal illness or injury, for which the Employee is receiving compensation payments pursuant to the WIRC Act, the Employee accrues leave entitlements in accordance with the relevant legislation.

21.3 An Employee, who is in receipt of compensation payments and accident pay, where applicable, during Non-term weeks, is deemed to have been provided with the Employee’s entitlement to accrued Non-term weeks.

21.4 Where an Employee returns to work in a partial capacity and is entitled to partial weekly compensation payments in accordance with the WIRC Act, and where the Employee is entitled to annual leave at the part-time rate of pay, the Employee will remain entitled to be paid the weekly compensation payments in accordance with the WIRC Act.

21.5 Should legislation be enacted during the term of this Agreement, requiring the Employer to pay accident pay, this clause ceases to operate, except to the extent that the amount paid by the Employer will not be less than the amount payable under cl.21.1, after taking the legislated payment into account.
22. Payment of wages

Salary will be paid by credit transfer to the Employee’s nominated financial institution account on a monthly basis, as nearly as possible in the middle of the month, with one half month in arrears and one-half month in advance.

23. Remuneration packaging

23.1 Upon receiving a written election for a remuneration packaging arrangement from an Employee and provided there is no additional cost to the Employer, the Employer is prepared to offer the Employee the opportunity to receive part of the Employee’s remuneration in the form of non-cash benefits in line with legislation and Australian Taxation Office rulings until otherwise advised.

23.2 Any arrangement between the Employer and the Employee in relation to remuneration packaging will be entered into by way of a subsidiary agreement varying the Employee’s conditions of employment.

24. Superannuation

24.1 Superannuation legislation

(a) Superannuation legislation, including the Superannuation Guarantee (Administration) Act 1992 (Cth), the Superannuation Guarantee Charge Act 1992 (Cth), the Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993 (Cth) and the Superannuation (Resolution of Complaints) Act 1993 (Cth), deals with the superannuation rights and obligations of employers and Employees. Under superannuation legislation individual Employees generally have the opportunity to choose their own superannuation fund. If an Employee does not choose a superannuation fund, the default superannuation fund will be the Victorian Independent Schools Superannuation Fund or a successor fund.

(b) The rights and obligations in these clauses supplement those in superannuation legislation.

24.2 Employer contributions

(a) The Employer must make such superannuation contributions to a superannuation fund for the benefit of an Employee as will avoid the Employer being required to pay the superannuation guarantee charge under superannuation legislation with respect to that Employee. The Employer superannuation contribution for an Employee appointed to a continuing position of employment will not be less than 10 per cent of ordinary time earnings.

(b) The Employer will make the following superannuation contribution to the accumulation superannuation fund chosen by an Employee under cl.24.1(a):

(i) equal to the higher of 10 per cent of ordinary time earnings or the superannuation contribution required by superannuation legislation
for Employees, other than casual Employees and fixed term Employees;

(ii) equal to the amount required by superannuation legislation for casual Employees and fixed term Employees.

24.3 Voluntary Employee contributions

Subject to the governing rules of the relevant superannuation fund, an Employee may, in writing, authorise the Employer to pay on behalf of the Employee a specified amount from the post-taxation wages of the Employee into the same superannuation fund as the Employer makes the superannuation contributions provided for in cl.24.1.

24.4 Superannuation fund

Unless, to comply with superannuation legislation, the Employer is required to make the superannuation contributions provided for in cl.24.2 to another superannuation fund that is chosen by the Employee, the Employer must make the superannuation contributions provided for in cl.24.2 and pay the amount authorised under cl.24.1(a) and 24.1(b) to the Victorian Independent Schools Superannuation Fund or its successor, provided that the Employer is not required to become a participating employer.

Part 5—Hours of Work and Related Matters

25. Ordinary hours of work

25.1 This clause provides for enterprise specific detail and supplements the NES that deals with maximum weekly hours.

25.2 The ordinary hours of an Employee are 38 hours per week averaged over a 12-month period. The averaging period will be the School Year. Where an Employee is employed for part only of a School Year, averaging will be over the period of employment in that School Year.

25.3 In addition, an Employee is required to work such reasonable additional hours as are necessary to perform the Employee’s duties

25.4 The ordinary hours of work for an Employee during term weeks are variable. In return, an Employee is not generally required to attend when the students are not present, subject to the needs of the Employer with regard to professional development, student free days and other activities requiring the Employee’s attendance.

25.5 An exception to cl.25.4 is where an Employee appointed to the position of Senior Manager (or equivalent) and in receipt of a Senior Manager’s allowance negotiates different attendance arrangements.

25.6 The following circumstances are not included as attendance days:

(a) co-curricular activities that are conducted on a weekend;
(b) College-related overseas and interstate trips, conferences and similar activities undertaken by mutual consent during non-term weeks;

(c) when the Employee appointed to a responsibility position is performing duties in non-term weeks that are directly associated with the responsibility position;

(d) when the Employee has boarding house responsibilities and the Employee is performing those duties during term weeks and non-term weeks; and

(e) exceptional circumstances, such as the requirement to provide pastoral care to students in the event of a tragedy in the school community, in which an Employee may be recalled to perform duties relating to their position.

25.7 The Employer will determine the ordinary full-time face-to-face teaching hours per week and the professional duties to be allocated to the Employee.

25.8 An Employee is not required to attend the College during non-term weeks, but is required to perform such professional duties as being reasonably necessary to enable the proper performance of the Employee’s role. The Employee’s role is defined by the Employer.

25.9 Non-term weeks will not be less than the periods of time designated as School Holidays in Victorian Government Schools. The typical School Year has from 186 to 192 teaching days (including staff days, excluding public holidays during term time). If, in the future, government regulation of schools and/or government funding becomes linked to the number of student attendance days, then the number of teaching days in the School Year will increase in accordance with the government regulations and/or funding requirements.

25.10 In usual circumstances, the Employer will provide written notice of the term weeks and days in non-term weeks in which the Employees are required to attend, for the following School Year by 30 June of each School Year.

25.11 The annual salary and any applicable allowances payable are paid in full satisfaction of an Employee’s entitlements for the School Year or a proportion of the School Year. The Employee’s absence from school during Non-term weeks is deemed to include their entitlement to annual leave, in accordance with cl. 29.2.

26. **Graduates and mentors**

A graduate Teacher and their mentor will be afforded sufficient support during the School Year, with a reduction of duties or hours of face-to-face teaching time, where the Principal believes such a reduction to be relevant.

27. **Breaks**

An Employee will be entitled to an unpaid meal break of 30 consecutive minutes no later than five hours after commencing work.
28. **Professional practice time**

28.1 From the commencement of 2019 till the end of the current agreement, a full-time teacher will be provided through the Professional Development application process and in consultation with the Principal, up to 15 hours of release time (pro-rata for part-time teachers) over the school year, to focus on the improved delivery of high-quality teaching and learning.

28.2 Work done in that time will ideally be collaborative, and may include networking with colleagues in other schools. Work done in that time will be relevant to improve the delivery of the curriculum, be consistent with school priorities and selected from the following:

(a) planning and preparation
(b) strategic planning
(c) curriculum development
(d) assessment moderation
(e) professional learning.

28.3 The timing and the focus of the time release will require the approval of the Principal. This provision is an addition to existing professional development processes.

28.4 One full working day equates to 7.6 hours.

**Part 6—Leave and Public Holidays**

29. **Annual leave**

29.1 Annual leave is provided for in the NES. This clause supplements the NES provisions.

29.2 **Timing of annual leave**

An Employee must take annual leave during Non-term weeks. Leave must generally be taken, in the case of an Employee whose employment with the employer is continuing into the next school or preschool year, in the four-week period immediately following the final term week of the current school or preschool year, unless otherwise agreed with the Employer.

29.3 **Crediting of annual leave**

An Employee may take annual leave re-credited in accordance with the NES only during Non-term weeks as directed by the Employer.

30. **Pro rata payment of salary inclusive of annual leave**

30.1 This clause provides enterprise specific detail and incorporates the NES entitlement with respect to annual leave.
30.2 The provisions of this clause will apply:

(a) in the calculation of payment in regard to pro rata salary where an Employee’s employment ceases; or

(b) in the calculation of payment in regard to pro rata salary if:

(i) an Employee commenced employment after the school service date;

(ii) an Employee has taken leave without pay of more than two term weeks since the school service date; or

(iii) the hours which an Employee has worked at school have varied since the school service date.

30.3 Termination of employment

An Employee will be entitled on termination of employment to a payment calculated in accordance with this clause.

30.4 Employees who commence employment after the commencement of the school year

An Employee who commences employment after the usual date of commencement in any school year, will be paid from the date the Employee commences, provided the Employee must be paid an amount calculated pursuant to this clause at the end of the school year and will not receive any salary or other payment until the commencement of the next school year.

30.5 Employees who take approved leave without pay

Where an Employee takes approved leave without pay for a period which (in total) exceeds more than two term weeks in any year, the Employee will be paid an amount calculated in accordance with this clause as follows:

(a) if the leave without pay commences and concludes in the same school year, the payment will be calculated and made at the conclusion of the last school term or final semester in that year; and

(b) if the leave without pay is to conclude in a school year following the school year in which the leave commenced:

(i) at the commencement of the leave, a payment will be calculated and made in respect of the school year in which the leave commences; or

(ii) at the end of the last school term or final semester in that year in which the leave concludes, a payment will be calculated and made in respect of that school year.

If the Employee returns early from leave any payment under this clause will be taken into account in calculating the amount owed to the Employee at the end of the last school term in that year.

30.6 Calculation of payments
For the purpose of this clause:

(a) **school service date** means the date from which Employees are paid at the commencement of the School Year in their first year of service with the Employer; and

(b) **Employee** means an Employee other than a casual Employee.

(c) Any period of paid birth or adoption related leave is not included in the calculation of ‘s’ or ‘d’ in this formula.

The formula in cl.30.6 is intended to be used to calculate the pro rata salary inclusive of annual leave owing to an Employee in respect of the School Year in which the formula is applied.

### 31. Annual leave loading

31.1 This clause provides for enterprise specific detail and supplements the NES that deals with annual leave.

31.2 An Employee who has served throughout the School Year is entitled to a leave loading of 17.5% on four weeks’ annual leave. The loading will normally be paid:

(a) as a lump sum with the December salary payment; or

(b) on the termination of employment by either party.

31.3 Leave loading is to be calculated using the following formula:

\[
30.7 \text{ For the purpose of this clause:}
\]

\[
30.8 \text{ The formula in cl.30.6 is intended to be used to calculate the pro rata salary inclusive of annual leave owing to an Employee in respect of the School Year in which the formula is applied.}
\]

\[
31. \textbf{Annual leave loading}
\]

\[
31.1 \text{ This clause provides for enterprise specific detail and supplements the NES that deals with annual leave.}
\]

\[
31.2 \text{ An Employee who has served throughout the School Year is entitled to a leave loading of 17.5\% on four weeks’ annual leave. The loading will normally be paid:}
\]

\[
31.3 \text{ Leave loading is to be calculated using the following formula:}
\]

\[
\text{Total term weeks in that School Year}
\]
32. **Personal/carer’s leave**

32.1 Personal/carer’s leave is as provided for in the NES except where this Agreement provides ancillary or supplementary terms.

32.2 An Employee other than a casual Employee is entitled to a paid personal/carer’s leave entitlement, which includes both sick and carer’s leave.

32.3 For a full-time Employee, the personal/carer’s leave entitlement equates to 15 days per year of service, which accrues progressively during the year of service according to the Employee’s ordinary hours of work. A part-time Employee is entitled to paid personal/carer’s leave on a pro rata basis based on their ordinary hours of work.

32.4 Where a full-time Employee requires personal/carer’s leave in excess of the Employee’s accrued entitlement, the Employee is entitled to be paid personal/carer’s leave in advance of accrual as follows:

(a) six (6) days during the first term of employment, and a further three (3) days during each of the next three terms, if in the first year of employment with the Employer, and

(b) up to the annual entitlement of 15 days, if in the second or subsequent year of employment,

provided that the notice and evidentiary requirements are met.

32.5 Paid sick leave is taken due to a personal illness or injury.

32.6 Paid carer’s leave is taken to provide care or support to a member of the Employee’s Immediate Family or a member of the Employee’s household, who requires care or support because of a personal illness, injury, or an unexpected emergency affecting the member.

32.7 Where the Employee has exhausted the paid personal/carer’s leave entitlement, the Employee may take up to two days’ unpaid carer’s leave per permissible occasion. Unpaid carer’s leave may be taken as a single, unbroken period of up to two days, or any separate period as agreed by the Employer and the Employee.

32.8 A casual Employee may take up to two days’ unpaid carer’s leave per permissible occasion. Unpaid carer’s leave may be taken as a single, unbroken period of up to two days, or any separate period as agreed by the Employer and the Employee.

32.9 **Notice and evidentiary requirements**

(a) An Employee must notify the Employer of the Employee’s absence as soon as reasonably practicable. The notice must be to the effect that the Employee requires the leave because of a personal illness or injury or to provide care or support to a member of the Employee’s Immediate Family or household as the member is suffering either a personal illness or injury or an unexpected emergency.

(b) An Employee is entitled to personal/carer’s leave provided that:
(i) the Employee produces a medical certificate from a Registered Medical Practitioner or statutory declaration to the Employer for any absence of more than two consecutive days;

(ii) the Employee provides a medical certificate from a Registered Medical Practitioner or statutory declaration to the Employer for any absence continuous with a public holiday to which the Employee is entitled, or continuous with the first or last day of a term which would not otherwise require the provision of evidence;

(iii) the Employee produces a medical certificate from a Registered Medical Practitioner or a statutory declaration to the Employer where the number of days of paid personal/carer’s leave already taken without the production of a medical certificate or a statutory declaration exceeds five days in the one year.

33. Compassionate leave

33.1 Compassionate leave is as provided for in the NES except where this Agreement provides ancillary or supplementary terms.

33.2 An Employee may take up to three (3) days’ paid leave per occasion when a member of the Employee’s Immediate Family or household dies or up to two (2) days’ paid leave per occasion when a member of the Employee’s Immediate Family or household member contracts or develops a personal injury or illness that poses a serious threat to life.

33.3 Compassionate leave may be taken in a single unbroken period or in separate periods of one day each or as agreed by the Employer and the Employee.

33.4 The Employee is entitled to compassionate leave only if the Employee gives the Employer any evidence that the Employer reasonably requires of the illness, injury or death.

34. Family and Domestic Violence Leave

34.1 This clause applies to all full time, part-time and casual employees.

34.2 Definitions

(a) In this clause:

*family and domestic violence* means violent, threatening or other abusive behaviour by a family member of an employee that seeks to coerce or control the employee and that causes them harm or to be fearful.

*family member* means:

(i) a spouse, de facto partner, child, parent, grandparent, grandchild or sibling of the employee; or

(ii) a child, parent, grandparent, grandchild or sibling of a spouse or de facto partner of the employee; or
(iii) a person related to the employee according to Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander kinship rules.

(b) A reference to a spouse or de facto partner in the definition of family member in cl.34.2(a) includes a former spouse or de facto partner.

34.3 Entitlement to leave

(a) Each year, for the purpose of dealing with family and domestic violence

(i) a full-time employee is entitled to 5 days of paid leave

(ii) a part-time employee is entitled to a total of 5 days of leave comprising paid and unpaid leave. The paid leave entitlement is pro rata of 5 days of paid leave based on the part-time employee’s ordinary hours of work

(iii) a casual employee is entitled to 5 days of unpaid leave.

(b) The entitlement in cl. 34.3(a) to deal with family and domestic violence:

(i) is available in full at the start of each 12-month period of the employee’s employment; and

(ii) does not accumulate from year to year.

Note: 1. A period of leave to deal with family and domestic violence may be less than a day by agreement between the employee and the employer.

Note 2. The employer and employee may agree that the employee may take more than 5 days’ leave to deal with family and domestic violence.

34.4 Taking leave

An employee may take leave under this clause to deal with family and domestic violence if the employee:

(a) is experiencing family and domestic violence; and

(b) needs to do something to deal with the impact of the family and domestic violence and it is impractical for the employee to do that thing outside their ordinary hours of work.

Note: The reasons for which an employee may take leave include making arrangements for their safety or the safety of a family member (including relocation), attending urgent court hearings, or accessing police services.

34.5 Service and continuity

The time an employee is on unpaid leave under this clause to deal with family and domestic violence does not count as service but does not break the employee’s continuity of service.

34.6 Notice and evidence requirements

(a) Notice
An employee must give their employer notice of the taking of leave by the employee under cl. 34.6(b).

(b) The notice:

(i) must be given to the employer as soon as practicable (which may be a time after the leave has started); and

(ii) must advise the employer of the period, or expected period, of the leave.

(c) Evidence

An employee who has given their employer notice of the taking of leave under cl. 34.6 must, if required by the employer, give the employer evidence that would satisfy a reasonable person that the leave is taken for the purpose specified in cl. 34.4.

Note: Depending on the circumstances such evidence may include a document issued by the police service, a court or a family violence support service, or a statutory declaration.

34.7 Confidentiality

(a) The employer must take steps to ensure information concerning any notice an employee has given, or evidence an employee has provided under cl. 34.6 is treated confidentially, as far as it is reasonably practicable to do so.

(b) Nothing in cl. 34.7(a) prevents the employer from disclosing information provided by an employee if the disclosure is required by an Australian law or is necessary to protect the life, health or safety of the employee or another person.

Note: Information concerning an employee’s experience of family and domestic violence is sensitive and if mishandled can have adverse consequences for the employee. The employer should consult with such employees regarding the handling of this information.

34.8 Compliance

An employee is not entitled to take leave under cl. 34.4 unless the employee complies with this clause.

35. Community service leave

35.1 Community service leave is provided for in the NES, except where this Agreement provides ancillary or supplementary terms.

35.2 Jury service leave

(a) An Employee is required to appear and/or serve as a juror will be entitled to be granted leave for the period during which attendance at court is required.
(b) An Employee must notify the Employer as soon as possible of the date upon which the Employee is required to attend for jury service.

(c) An Employee must provide the Employer with written proof of the requirement to attend for jury service and an estimate of the duration of the absence from duty.

(d) The Employee must inform the Employer immediately of any change to the known period of absence and provide the Employer with written proof of the payments made by the Court Authorities with respect to jury service.

(e) Subject to cl.35.2(b) to 35.2(d) of this clause, the Employer will continue to pay the Employee granted leave pursuant to cl.35.2(a) the Employee’s full salary, unless the Employee is a casual or fixed term Employee (as the Employee may not still be employed at the time the jury service finishes).

36. Public holidays
36.1 Public holidays are provided for in the NES.

36.2 Substitution of public holidays

The Employer and an individual Employee may agree on the substitution of a day or a part-day for a day or part-day that would otherwise be a public holiday.

37. Long service leave
37.1 Long service leave is provided for in the NES. This clause supplements the NES provisions.

37.2 An Employee is entitled to long service leave of:

(a) thirteen (13) weeks upon the completion of fifteen (15) years of continuous employment (‘initial entitlement’) for any period of employment commencing on or after 1 January 1965 and ending on 1 January 1980,

(b) thirteen (13) weeks upon the completion of ten (10) years of continuous employment (‘initial entitlement’) for any period of employment commencing after 1 January 1980. An Employee is entitled to an additional six and a half (6.5) weeks’ long service leave for each additional five (5) years of continuous employment (‘subsequent entitlement/s’) with the Employer.

37.3 Accrued long service leave will be paid in lieu where an Employee’s employment is terminated after seven years of continuous employment for any reason.

37.4 Subject to cl.37.3 hereof, an Employee may take pro rata long service leave after the completion of seven (7) years of continuous employment. For a full-
time Employee, this will equate to a pro rata entitlement to 9.1 weeks’ long service leave.

37.5 An Employee, whose service has been all full-time or all at the same part-time fraction, is paid during long service leave at the Employee’s normal salary.

37.6 An Employee, whose time fraction has varied during service, is paid in accordance with the following arrangement:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service prior to 1 February 1997</th>
<th>Employment Arrangement</th>
<th>Entitlement to Payment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a)</td>
<td>where all service for the period of employment ending 31 January 1997 was part-time</td>
<td>• Salary is calculated using the average weekly hours over the last 12 months of actual service and multiplying the average weekly hours by the current hourly rate of pay</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| (b)                             | where full-time employment falls last                         | • Leave taken from the full-time credit will be paid at the current full-time salary, and  
                                          |                                                                                      | • Leave taken from the part-time credit will be paid on the basis of a proportion of the current full-time salary having regard to the ratio of average weekly hours over the last 12 months of part-time employment |
| (c)                             | where part-time employment falls last                         | • Leave taken from the full-time credit will be paid at the salary applicable to the full-time equivalent of the present part-time employment category, and  
                                          |                                                                                      | • Part-time credit will be paid on the basis of average weekly hours over the last 12 months of part-time employment |
| (d)                             | where the Employee can show that the average weekly hours over the whole period of part-time employment were greater than the average weekly hours over the last 12 months of part-time employment | • Average weekly hours will be struck over the actual period of part-time employment |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service from 1 February 1997</th>
<th>Employment Arrangement</th>
<th>Entitlement to Payment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Time fraction has varied during service</td>
<td>• Payment will be at the proportionate rate, calculated by averaging the time fractions over the period of service</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

37.7 Illness during long service leave

Subject to the production of a supporting medical certificate from a Registered Medical Practitioner, an Employee who becomes ill whilst on long service leave is entitled to have the period of illness treated as personal/carer’s leave but only to the extent that the Employee is entitled to personal/carer’s leave.
37.8 Subject to cl.37.7, the Employee’s long service leave will be extended by the period of illness.

37.9 An exception to cl.37.8 is that the Employer and an Employee may agree that the Employee will return from long service leave as planned with the period of illness increasing the Employee’s accrued long service leave entitlement.

37.10 **Timing and taking of long service leave**

(a) The initial entitlement to long service leave falls due for taking upon the completion of ten (10) years of continuous employment and the subsequent entitlement to long service leave falls due for taking upon the completion of each subsequent five years of continuous employment. An Employee is entitled to take the initial entitlement and each subsequent entitlement in full, ordinarily within 24 months of each entitlement falling due.

(b) Where an Employee applies to take less than the initial entitlement in full, the period of long service leave to be taken will usually be for not less than one full term. An Employee who takes less than the initial entitlement in full will ordinarily take not less than one full term of long service leave within 24 months of the completion of each period of 10 years of continuous employment. An Employee may request a period of Long Service Leave shorter than a term, which will be considered by the Principal on a case-by-case basis, taking into account the College’s needs and the Employee’s request.

(c) The timing of taking of long service leave will be negotiated between the Principal and the Employee for mutual advantage.

(d) Notwithstanding cl.37.10(b), ordinarily, provided that one full term of long service leave has already been taken or is planned to be taken in accordance with cl.37.10(b), an application for long service leave of less than one full term may be granted at the discretion of the Principal.

37.11 Where an Employee has not accrued sufficient leave to cover a full term the Employer may grant a period of leave without pay in conjunction with the period of long service leave. The granting of leave without pay in these circumstances will be at the discretion of the Employer.

37.12 **Long service leave at half pay**

(a) An Employee may request an amount of long service leave –

   (i) twice as long as the amount to which the Employee would otherwise be entitled; and

   (ii) at a rate of pay equal to half the Employee’s ordinary pay;

   provided that the Employee takes not less than one full term of long service leave over two consecutive terms.

(b) The Employer must grant a request under cl.37.12(a) if it is reasonable to do so having regard to the needs of the Employee and the needs of the Employer’s business.
38. Parental leave

38.1 Parental leave is provided for in the NES at Division 5, sections 67 to 85 of the Act. This clause supplements the NES provisions.

38.2 Definition

For the purpose of this clause:

Continuous service means service with the Employer during the whole of the period including any period of authorised leave. For a casual Employee, continuous service means a period during which the Employee was engaged on a regular and systematic basis by the Employer during the 12-month period immediately preceding the date or expected date of birth of the child or the day of placement or expected day of placement of the child, and the Employee would have had a reasonable expectation of continuing employment by the Employer on a regular and systematic basis.

38.3 Increase in entitlements

(a) An Employee is entitled to up to 24 months’ unpaid parental leave in accordance with sections 70 and 76 of the Act, where the Employee has or will have responsibility for the care of a child. The 24-month period of leave is an automatic entitlement and represents the period of leave available to an Employee couple under sections 70 and 76 of the Act. To avoid any doubt, 24 months is the total amount of unpaid parental leave which can be taken unless the Employee and the Employer agree to extend the period of leave beyond 24 months.

(b) An Employee, who is entitled to unpaid concurrent parental leave under section 72 of the Act has an entitlement to eight weeks’ unpaid leave which counts as service for the purposes of accruing annual leave, personal/carer’s leave and long service leave.

38.4 Variation of period of parental leave

(a) Subject to the relevant provisions of the NES, the period of parental leave may be shortened by written agreement between the Employer and the Employee.

(b) Subject to the relevant provisions of the NES, where an Employee has commenced a period of parental leave of up to 52 weeks, the Employee:

(i) may extend the period of parental leave once by giving the Employer four (4) weeks’ written notice before the end of the period stating the period by which the leave is extended; and

(ii) may further extend the period of parental leave by agreement with the Employer.
38.5 Where an Employee elects to take a period of parental leave greater than 52 weeks but less than 104 weeks and wishes to extend this period up to a maximum of 104 weeks the Employer requires the Employee to notify of his/her intention to extend the period of parental leave at least ten (10) weeks prior to the expiration of the initial period leave.

38.6 A period of unpaid parental leave does not break the Employee’s continuity of employment but it does not count as continuous service.

38.7 An Employee may in conjunction with parental leave pursuant to this clause access any annual leave or long service leaved entitlements, which the Employee has accrued subject to the total amount not exceeding 24 months. Such paid leave cannot be taken concurrently with leave pursuant to clause 38 – Paid parental leave.

38.8 Request to return part-time after Parental Leave

The NES sets out an Employee’s right to request part-time employment on return from birth-related or adoption-related parental leave. This is set out in Division 4, Section 65 of the NES. A request for part-time employment will be considered by the Employer in accordance with this.

39. Paid parental leave

39.1 Application

(a) This clause does not apply to a casual or fixed term Employee.

(b) This clause applies to a full-time or part-time Employee who is entitled to unpaid parental leave in accordance with the NES and clause 38 - Parental Leave.

(c) The payments in cl.39.2 and 39.3:

(i) are not payable during a period of paid leave;

(ii) accrue personal/carer’s leave and long service leave; and

(iii) are payable to only one Employee, where the Employer employs both parents of the child.

39.2 Paid birth-related leave

(a) An Employee, who has completed at least 12 months’ continuous service with the Employer as at the date or the expected date of birth of the Employee’s child, is entitled to be paid for the first 14 weeks of birth-related leave after the birth of the child that would otherwise have been unpaid leave at the Employee’s ordinary rate of pay provided the Employee is responsible for the care of the child and takes not less than 14 weeks of birth-related leave. If an Employee takes the full entitlement of 14 weeks paid parental leave, then the Employee will accrue a period of 1.07 weeks of annual leave to be taken during non-term weeks.

(b) If the Employee’s birth-related leave includes a period with less than 14 weeks during term weeks, the Employee’s entitlement to paid parental
leave will be equal to the number of weeks of leave taken during term weeks.

(c) An Employee must have completed a minimum of 12 months’ continuous service after returning from parental leave before being eligible for a payment pursuant to this clause for the birth or adoption of a second or subsequent child.

39.3 Paid adoption-related leave

(a) An Employee, who has completed at least 12 months’ continuous service with the Employer as at the date or the expected date of placement of a child with the Employee, is entitled to be paid for the first 14 weeks of adoption-related leave after the placement of the child with the Employee at the Employee’s ordinary rate of pay provided the Employee is responsible for the care of the child and takes not less than 14 weeks of adoption-related leave. If an Employee takes the full entitlement of 14 weeks paid parental leave, then the Employee will accrue a period of 1.07 weeks of annual leave to taken during non-term weeks.

(b) If the Employee’s adoption-related leave includes a period with less than 14 weeks during term weeks, the Employee’s entitlement to paid parental leave will be equal to the number of weeks of leave taken during term weeks.

(c) An Employee must have completed a minimum of 12 months’ continuous service, if returning from parental leave, before being eligible for a payment pursuant to this clause for the adoption or birth of a second or subsequent child.

39.4 Paid partner leave

The Employer may grant a payment equal to two weeks’ pay at the ordinary rate of pay to an Employee who takes concurrent unpaid leave of at least two weeks from the NES concurrent leave entitlement of eight weeks, which may be taken during the first 12 months following the birth or adoption of a child.

40. Leave without pay

An Employee may apply for leave without pay, which may be granted at the discretion of the Principal.

41. Infectious diseases leave

An Employee who is suffering from one of the infectious diseases will be granted special leave without deduction of pay provided the Employer is satisfied on medical advice that the Employee has contracted the disease through a contact at the School and the disease is evident in the School:

- Rubella
- Chickenpox
• Measles
• Mumps
• Scarlet fever
• Whooping cough
• Rheumatic fever, or
• Hepatitis.

42. Examination leave and study assistance

42.1 An Employee will be granted leave with pay to attend compulsory examinations in an approved relevant course of study.

42.2 The Employer may provide some form of study assistance to an Employee undertaking a Principal-approved course of study.

43. Qualification conferral leave

An Employee will be granted leave with pay for up to one day for the purpose of having a degree/diploma or other qualification conferred in an approved relevant course of study.

44. Union training

An Employee who is also a Union representative will be entitled to one day of paid leave per annum to attend union training. A maximum of two staff will be entitled to this leave per annum across the Senior and Junior School, Early Learning Centre and General Staff.
Schedule A – Salaries

A.1 The salary for a full-time Employee will be determined in accordance with clause 18 – Classifications and this Schedule, and will be not less than the salary prescribed by the following table. The salaries are effective from 1 February of each year.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Teacher</th>
<th>2019</th>
<th>2020</th>
<th>2021</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$</td>
<td>$</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Increase</td>
<td>3.0%</td>
<td>3.0%</td>
<td>3.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$80,049</td>
<td>$82,450</td>
<td>$84,924</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>$82,331</td>
<td>$84,801</td>
<td>$87,345</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>$87,092</td>
<td>$89,705</td>
<td>$92,396</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>$89,574</td>
<td>$92,261</td>
<td>$95,029</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>$92,122</td>
<td>$94,886</td>
<td>$97,733</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>$94,753</td>
<td>$97,596</td>
<td>$100,524</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>$98,012</td>
<td>$100,952</td>
<td>$103,981</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>$100,960</td>
<td>$103,989</td>
<td>$107,109</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>$104,093</td>
<td>$107,216</td>
<td>$110,432</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Senior</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 1</td>
<td>$107,318</td>
<td>$110,538</td>
<td>$113,854</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 2</td>
<td>$116,257</td>
<td>$119,745</td>
<td>$123,337</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A.2 The weekly rate of pay for an Employee will be determined by dividing the annual rate by 52.18.

A.3 Annual leave loading

The annual salary in Sch.A.1 does not include annual leave loading.

A.4 Part-time Employee

A part-time Employee will be paid pro rata, at the same rate as a full-time Employee in the same classification, in accordance with the provisions of cl.12.4.

A.5 Casual Employee

A.5.1 The salary payable to a casual Employee will be not less than the salary prescribed by the following table. The salaries are effective from 1 February of each year.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2019</th>
<th>2020</th>
<th>2021</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Increase</td>
<td>3.0%</td>
<td>3.0%</td>
<td>3.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Full day</td>
<td>$354</td>
<td>$365</td>
<td>$376</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Half day</td>
<td>$177</td>
<td>$182</td>
<td>$187</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hour</td>
<td>$59</td>
<td>$61</td>
<td>$63</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A.5.2 A casual Employee will be paid for a day or a half day.

A.5.3 A casual Employee will be paid for a minimum of half a day; where a day is the usual required attendance time for an Employee at the College and a half day is half the usual required attendance time.

A.5.4 An exception to Sch.A.5.2 and A.5.3 is where a part-time Employee already at work agrees to work additional hours on that day as a casual Employee, the Employee will be paid at the hourly rate. The hourly rate is in lieu of paid leave entitlements.
EXECUTED as an agreement this 22nd day of February 2019

EMPLOYER REPRESENTATIVE

Signed: [Signature]
Date: 22 February 2019
Name in full (printed): Christopher Hamish Blair
Position title: Business Manager
Authority to sign explained: Public Officer of the College
Address: 141 Burwood Highway, Burwood, VIC, 3125
Witnessed by: [Signature]
Witness name in full: David MacGregor
Witness address: 141 Burwood Highway, Burwood, VIC, 3125

EMPLOYEE REPRESENTATIVE

Signed: [Signature]
Date: 22/2/2019
Name in full (printed): Misja Carbo
Position title: Science Teacher
Authority to sign explained: Nominated Staff Representative
Address: 141 Burwood Highway, Burwood, VIC, 3125
Witnessed by: ANDREA SKINNER
Witness name in full: ANDREA SKINNER
Witness address: 141 Burwood Highway, Burwood, VIC, 3125